CITY OF REDMOND ORDINANCE NO. 2679

ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF REDMOND. WASHINGTON, ADOPTING THE 2012 DOWNTOWN ZONING AND COMPREHENSIVE PLAN UPDATE, CITY FILE NO L120342; AMENDING THE URBAN CENTERS ELEMENT OF THE REDMOND COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TO DESIGNATE DOWNTOWN REDMOND AS A GROWTH AND TRANSPORTATION EFFICIENCY CENTER; **AMENDING** THE CITY'S DOWNTOWN ZONING REGULATIONS AND MAPS TO MODIFY THE BOUNDARIES OF THE TOWN SOUARE ZONE, TO PROVIDE GREATER LAND USE FLEXIBILITY WITH REGARD TO ALLOWING STREET LEVEL RESIDENTIAL SPACE VS. COMMERCIAL STORE AND TO MODIFY REQUIREMENTS PEDESTRIAN CONNECTIONS; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND ESTABLISHING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE

WHEREAS, on July 31, 2012, the Redmond City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2659, which established the general scope and schedule for Redmond's 2012-2013 Comprehensive Plan annual update; and

WHEREAS, one of the Comprehensive Plan amendments proposed for consideration under Ordinance No. 2659 is designating Downtown Redmond as a Growth and Transportation Efficiency Center (GTEC); and

WHEREAS, City staff prepared the specified amendment to the Urban Centers Element of the Comprehensive Plan, together with other related amendments to the Downtown zoning regulations and maps, for consideration by the Redmond Planning Commission; and

WHEREAS, the Redmond Planning Commission held a public hearing on the proposed amendments on November 14, 2012; and

WHEREAS, upon completion of the public hearing, the Redmond Planning Commission issued its findings, conclusions, and recommendation in a report to the Redmond City Council dated November 28, 2012; and

WHEREAS, the Redmond City Council has considered the recommendation of the Redmond Planning Commission and has determined to adopt the amendments set forth in this ordinance.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF REDMOND, WASHINGTON, DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Classification. This ordinance is of a general and permanent nature and the provisions and map set forth on Exhibits A, B, C, D, and F hereto shall become a part of the Redmond Zoning Code. The provisions set forth on Exhibit E hereto shall become a part of the Redmond Comprehensive Plan.

Section 2. Findings and Conclusions. In support of the amendments to the Redmond Comprehensive Plan and the Downtown zoning regulations and maps made by this ordinance, the City Council hereby adopts the findings and conclusions contained in the Planning Commission report dated November 28, 2012.

Section 3. RZC Map 10.1, Downtown Zones. Map 10.1, Downtown Zones, as adopted by RZC 21.10.020, is hereby amended

to read as set forth on Exhibit A attached to this ordinance and incorporated herein by this reference as if set forth in full.

Section 4. RZC Map 10.3, Downtown Pedestrian System.

Map 10.3, Downtown Pedestrian System, as adopted by RZC 21.10.150, is hereby amended to read as set forth on Exhibit B attached to this ordinance and incorporated herein by this reference as if set forth in full.

Section 5. RZC 21.10, Allowed Uses in Downtown Zones. The Allowed Uses tables in RZC 21.10.040(D), 21.10.030(D), 21.10.070(D), 21.10.080(D), 21.10.090(D), and 20.10.100(D) are each hereby amended to read as set forth on Exhibit C attached to this ordinance and incorporated herein by this reference as if set forth in full.

Section 6. RZC 21.10.050, Base FAR in the Town Center (TNWC) Zone. The Base FAR provision in RZC Table 21.10.050(B) is hereby amended to read as set forth on Exhibit D attached to this ordinance and incorporated herein by this reference as if set forth in full.

Section 7. Urban Centers Element of Redmond Comprehensive Plan. The Urban Centers Element of the Redmond Comprehensive Plan is hereby amended to read as set forth on Exhibit E attached to this ordinance and incorporated herein by this reference as if set forth in full.

Section 8. RZC Map 10.2, Downtown Height Limit Overlays. Map 10.2, as adopted by RZC 21.10.110, is hereby amended to read as set forth on Exhibit F attached to this ordinance and incorporated herein by this reference as if set forth in full.

Section 9. Severability. If any section, sentence, clause, or phrase of this ordinance should be held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity of any other section, sentence, clause, or phrase of this ordinance.

Section 10. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective five days after its publication, or publication of a summary thereof, in the City's official newspaper, or as otherwise provided by law.

ADOPTED by the Redmond City Council this 5th day of February, 2013.

CITY OF REDMOND

ATTEST:

(SEAL)

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY:

FILED WITH THE CITY CLERK: January 30, 2013

PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL:

SIGNED BY THE MAYOR:

PUBLISHED:

EFFECTIVE DATE:

ORDINANCE NO. 2679

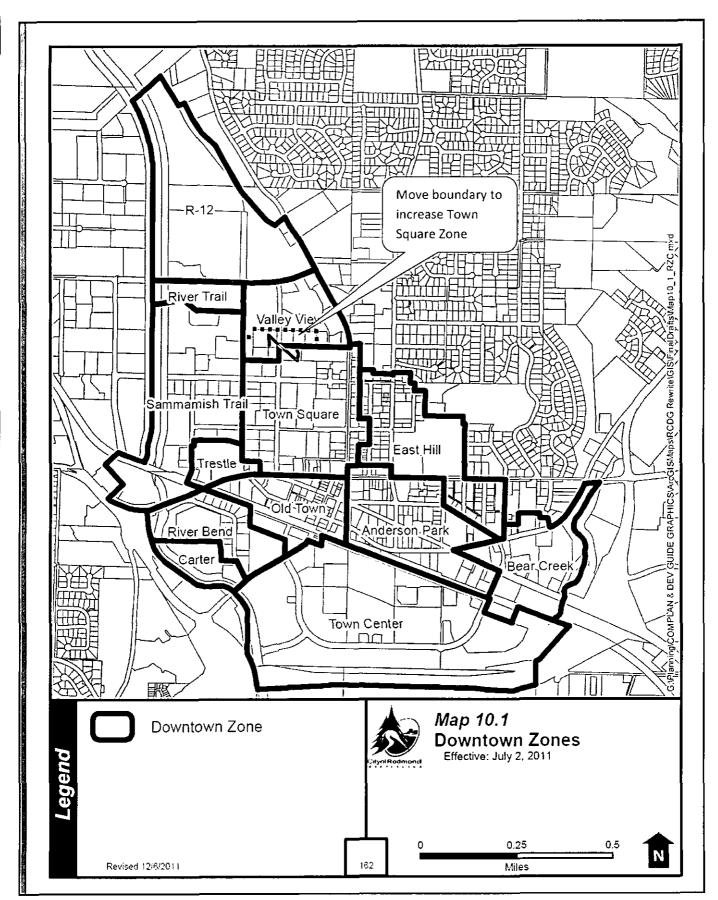
February 5, 2013

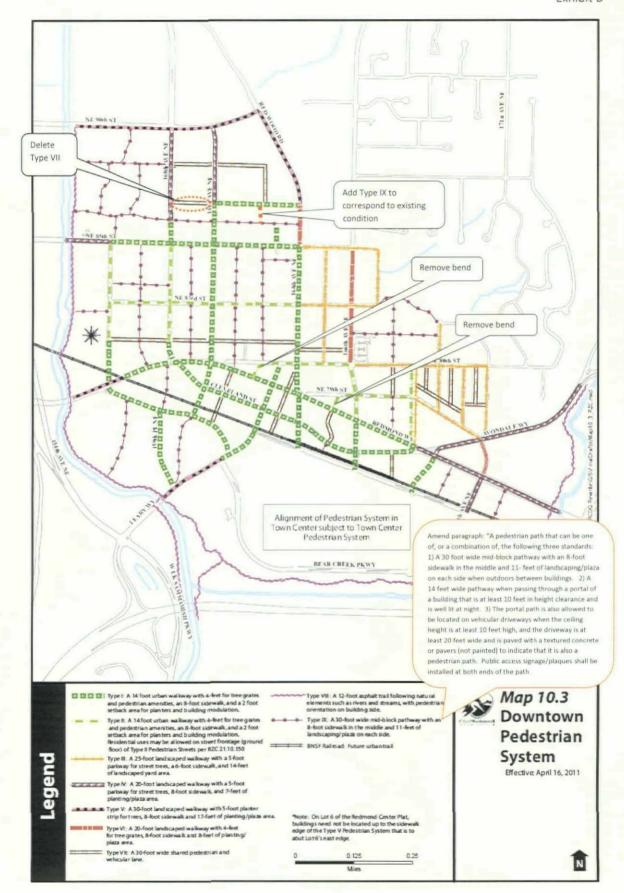
February 5, 2013

February 11, 2013

February 16, 2013

ADOPTED 7-0: Allen, Carson, Flynn, Margeson, Myers, Stilin and Vache





21.10.040 Anderson Park (AP) Zone

(D) Allowed Uses and Basic Development Standards.

	Use	Parking ratio: unit of	measure (min. required)
Section			
			Residential
1	Multifamily Structure, Mixed-Use Residential	Dwelling Unit (1.0, 2.25) Plus one guest space per four units for projects with six units or more. Curbside parking along the site may be counted towards up to 25 percent of the required off-street parking.	 Maximum density per lot dependent upon size and width of lot, per RZC 21.10.130(B), Downtown Residential Densities Chart. Not permitted on ground floor street fronts of Type I pedestrian streets (see Map 10.3, Downtown Pedestrian System Map), or where ground floor residences may be negatively impacted by nearby nonresidential uses, except through establishment of an Administrative Design Flexibility per RZC 21.76.070(C). Residential uses may be allowed on ground floor streets fronts of Type II Pedestrian Streets per RZC 21.62.020(F)(5), Ground Floor Residential Uses on Type II Pedestrian Streets, but not within the shorter distance of 100 feet or one-quarter block length from a street intersection. Affordable Housing requirements apply to developments of 10 units or more. See RZC 21.20.020.
2	Dormitory	Bed(0.5, 1.0)	
3	SRO		
4	Housing Services for the Elderly	See Special Regulations	 Parking requirements are as follows: Multifamily housing for senior citizens: Unit (0.5, 2.0). Nursing home or long-term care facility: 4 patient beds (1.0, 1.0). Retirement residence with no skilled nursing facility: Unit (1.0, 1.0). Retirement residence with skilled nursing facility. Worker on largest shift (1.25, 1.25) A traffic mitigation plan is required. The plan shall address traffic control, parking management (including mitigation of overflow parking into adjoining residential areas), and traffic movement to the arterial street system.

(D) Allowed Uses and Basic Development Standards.

	Use	Parking ratio: unit of	measure (min, required)
Section			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	Residential
1	Multifamily Structure, Mixed-Use Residential	Dwelling Unit (1.0, 2.25) Plus one guest space per four units for projects with six units or more. Curbside parking along the site may be counted towards up to 25 percent of the required off-street parking.	 Maximum density per lot dependent upon size and width of lot, per RZC 21.10.130(B), Downtown Residential Densities Chart. Not permitted on ground floor street fronts of Type I pedestrian streets (see Map 10.3, Downtown Pedestrian System Map), or where ground floor residences may be negatively impacted by nearby nonresidential uses, except through establishment of an Administrative Design Flexibility per RZC 21.76.070(C). Residential uses may be allowed on ground floor streets fronts of Type II Pedestrian Streets per RZC 21.62.020(F)(5), Ground Floor Residential Uses on Type II Pedestrian Streets, but not within the shorter distance of 100-50 feet or one-quarter block length from a street intersection. Affordable Housing requirements apply to developments of 10 units or more. See RZC 21.20.020.
2	Dormitory	Bed(0.5, 1.0)	
3	SRO		
4	Housing Services for the Elderly	See Special Regulations	 Parking requirements are as follows: Multifamily housing for senior citizens: Unit (0.5, 2.0). Nursing home or long-term care facility: 4 patient beds (1.0, 1.0). Retirement residence with no skilled nursing facility: Unit (1.0, 1.0). Retirement residence with skilled nursing facility. Worker on largest shift (1.25, 1.25) A traffic mitigation plan is required. The plan shall address traffic control, parking management (including mitigation of overflow parking into adjoining residential areas), and traffic movement to the arterial street system.

(D) Allowed Uses and Basic Development Standards.

	Use	Parking ratio: unit of	measure (min. required)
Section			
			Residential
1	Multifamily Structure, Mixed-Use Residential	Dwelling Unit (1.0, 2.25) Plus one guest space per four units for projects with six units or more. Curbside parking along the site may be counted towards up to 25 percent of the required off-street parking.	 Maximum density per lot dependent upon size and width of lot, per RZC 21.10.130(B), Downtown Residential Densities Chart. Not permitted on ground floor street fronts of Type I pedestrian streets (see Map 10.3, Downtown Pedestrian System Map), or where ground floor residences may be negatively impacted by nearby nonresidential uses, except through establishment of an Administrative Design Flexibility per RZC 21.76.070(C). Residential uses may be allowed on ground floor streets fronts of Type II Pedestrian Streets per RZC 21.62.020(F)(5), Ground Floor Residential Uses on Type II Pedestrian Streets, but not within the shorter distance of 100-50 feet or one-quarter block length from a street intersection. Affordable Housing requirements apply to developments of 10 units or more. See RZC 21.20.020.
2	Dormitory	Bed(0.5, 1.0)	
3 4	SRO Housing Services for the Elderly	See Special Regulations	Parking requirements are as follows: 1. Multifamily housing for senior citizens: Unit (0.5, 2.0). 2. Nursing home or long-term care facility: 4 patient beds (1.0, 1.0). 3. Retirement residence with no skilled nursing facility: Unit (1.0, 1.0). 4. Retirement residence with skilled nursing facility. Worker on largest shift (1.25, 1.25) 5. A traffic mitigation plan is required. The plan shall address traffic control, parking management (including mitigation of overflow parking into adjoining residential areas), and traffic movement to the arterial street system.

21.10.070 Sammamish Trail (SMT) Zone

(D) Allowed Uses and Basic Development Standards.

	Use	Parking ratio: unit of	measure (min. required)
Section		T diving radio. dilik of	medadi e (mini: roquires)
		<u> </u>	Residential
1	Multifamily Structure, Mixed-Use Residential	Dwelling Unit (1.0, 2.25) Plus one guest space per four units for projects with six units or more. Curbside parking along the site may be counted towards up to 25 percent of the required off-street parking.	 Maximum density per lot dependent upon size and width of lot, per RZC 21.10.130(B), Downtown Residential Densities Chart. Not permitted on ground floor street fronts of Type I pedestrian streets (see Map 10.3, Downtown Pedestrian System Map), or where ground floor residences may be negatively impacted by nearby nonresidential uses, except through establishment of an Administrative Design Flexibility per RZC 21.76.070(C). Residential uses may be allowed on ground floor streets fronts of Type II Pedestrian Streets per RZC 21.62.020(F)(5), Ground Floor Residential Uses on Type II Pedestrian Streets, but not within the shorter distance of 400-50feet or one-quarter block length from a street intersection. Affordable Housing requirements apply to developments of 10 units or more. See RZC 21.20.020.
2	Dormitory SRO	Bed(0.5, 1.0)	
4	Housing Services for the Elderly	See Special Regulations	Parking requirements are as follows: 1. Multifamily housing for senior citizens: Unit (0.5, 2.0). 2. Nursing home or long-term care facility: 4 patient beds (1.0, 1.0). 3. Retirement residence with no skilled nursing facility: Unit (1.0, 1.0). 4. Retirement residence with skilled nursing facility. Worker on largest shift (1.25, 1.25) 5. A traffic mitigation plan is required. The plan shall address traffic control, parking management (including mitigation of overflow parking into adjoining residential areas), and traffic movement to the arterial street system.

(D) Allowed Uses and Basic Development Standards.

	Use	Parking ratio: unit of	measure (min. required)
Section			
-			Residential
1	Multifamily Structure, Mixed-Use Residential	Dwelling Unit (1.0, 2.25) Plus one guest space per four units for projects with six units or more. Curbside parking along the site may be counted towards up to 25 percent of the required off-street parking.	 Maximum density per lot dependent upon size and width of lot, per RZC 21.10.130(B), Downtown Residential Densities Chart. Not permitted on ground floor street fronts of Type I pedestrian streets (see Map 10.3, Downtown Pedestrian System Map), or where ground floor residences may be negatively impacted by nearby nonresidential uses, except through establishment of an Administrative Design Flexibility per RZC 21.76.070(C). Residential uses may be allowed on ground floor streets fronts of Type II Pedestrian Streets per RZC 21.62.020(F)(5), Ground Floor Residential Uses on Type II Pedestrian Streets, but not within the shorter distance of 400-50 feet or one-quarter block length from a street intersection. Affordable Housing requirements apply to developments of 10 units or more. See RZC 21.20.020.
2	Dormitory SRO	Bed(0.5, 1.0)	
4	Housing Services for the Elderly	See Special Regulations	Parking requirements are as follows: 1. Multifamily housing for senior citizens: Unit (0.5, 2.0). 2. Nursing home or long-term care facility: 4 patient beds (1.0, 1.0). 3. Retirement residence with no skilled nursing facility: Unit (1.0, 1.0). 4. Retirement residence with skilled nursing facility. Worker on largest shift (1.25, 1.25) 5. A traffic mitigation plan is required. The plan shall address traffic control, parking management (including mitigation of overflow parking into adjoining residential areas), and traffic movement to the arterial street system.

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21.10.090 River Bend (RVBD) Zone

(D) Allowed Uses and Basic Development Standards.

uc	Use	Parking ratio: unit of	measure (min. required)	Type II does not exist in this zone.
Section				
			Residential	
1	Multifamily Structure, Mixed-Use Residential	Dwelling Unit (1.0, 2.25) Plus one guest space per four units for projects with six units or more. Curbside parking along the site may be counted towards up to 25 percent of the required off-street parking.	 Maximum density per lot dependent upon size and width of lot, p. 21.10.130(B), Downtown Residential Densities Chart. Not permitted on ground floor street fronts of Type I pedestrian st 10.3, Downtown Pedestrian System Map), or where ground floor negatively impacted by nearby nonresidential uses, except through an Administrative Design Flexibility per RZC 21.76.070(C). Residential Used on ground floor streets fronts of Type II Pedestrian Street 21.62.020(F)(5), Ground Floor Residential Uses on Type II Pedestrian of twithin the shorter distance of 100 feet or one quarter block lend intersection. Affordable Housing requirements apply to developments of 10 un RZC 21.20.020. 	treets (see Map residences may be gh establishment of ential uses may be ts per RZC strian Streets, but ngth from a street
2	Dormitory	Bed(0.5, 1.0)		
3	SRO			
4	Housing Services for the Elderly	See Special Regulations	 Parking requirements are as follows: Multifamily housing for senior citizens: Unit (0.5, 2.0). Nursing home or long-term care facility: 4 patient beds (1.0, 1.0) Retirement residence with no skilled nursing facility: Unit (1.0, 1.4). Retirement residence with skilled nursing facility. Worker on large 1.25) A traffic mitigation plan is required. The plan shall address traffic management (including mitigation of overflow parking into adjoint areas), and traffic movement to the arterial street system. 	0). est shift (1.25, control, parking

21.10.100 River Trail (RVT), Carter (CTR), and East Hill (EH) Zones

(D) Allowed Uses and Basic Development Standards.

	Use	Parking ratio: unit of	measure (min. required)
Section			
			Residential
1	Multifamily Structure, Mixed-Use Residential	Dwelling Unit (1.0, 2.25) Plus one guest space per four units for projects with six units or more. Curbside parking along the site may be counted towards up to 25 percent of the required off-street parking.	 Maximum density per lot dependent upon size and width of lot, per RZC 21.10.130(B), Downtown Residential Densities Chart. Not permitted on ground floor street fronts of Type I pedestrian streets (see Map 10.3, Downtown Pedestrian System Map), or where ground floor residences may be negatively impacted by nearby nonresidential uses, except through establishment of an Administrative Design Flexibility per RZC 21.76.070(C). Residential uses may be allowed on ground floor streets fronts of Type II Pedestrian Streets per RZC 21.62.020(F)(5), Ground Floor Residential Uses on Type II Pedestrian Streets, but not within the shorter distance of 100 feet or one quarter block length-from a street intersection. Affordable Housing requirements apply to developments of 10 units or more. See RZC 21.20.020.
2	Dormitory SRO	Bed(0.5, 1.0)	
4	Housing Services for the Elderly	See Special Regulations	Parking requirements are as follows: 1. Multifamily housing for senior citizens: Unit (0.5, 2.0). 2. Nursing home or long-term care facility: 4 patient beds (1.0, 1.0). 3. Retirement residence with no skilled nursing facility: Unit (1.0, 1.0). 4. Retirement residence with skilled nursing facility. Worker on largest shift (1.25, 1.25) 5. A traffic mitigation plan is required. The plan shall address traffic control, parking management (including mitigation of overflow parking into adjoining residential areas), and traffic movement to the arterial street system.

21.10.050 Town Center (TWNC) Zone

	Table 21.10.050B Regulations Common to All Uses				
Other Regulation	ns				
Other Standards					
Base FAR Without TDRs	Varies	1. A minimum of 600,000 square feet of gross leasable area shall be maintained as retail use. The maximum gross leasable area of allowed commercial space without TDRs is 1.49 million square feet. The 1.49 million square feet limit may be increased to a maximum of 1.80 million square feet through the acquisition and use of TDRs or the GBP, provided that TDRs or the GBP may not be used to increase the height of the full service hotel/conference center above eight stories/100 feet, and that a minimum of 140,000 square feet be reserved for a full service hotel/conference center with banquet and meeting facilities to accommodate groups of at least 300 people. The additional square footage allowed may be used for infill retail and general service uses that are part of mixed-use residential developments or infill developments. Floor area for residential uses is exempt from TDR requirements and maximum commercial floor area limitations.			

Transportation

The community's preference is for a variety of mobility choices to significantly increase access to, from, and within the Downtown. While there will be continued reliance on vehicle travel, future investments will also enable more safe and attractive opportunities for walking, using transit or bicycling between stores, work, residences, parks, and other attractions.

- DT-21 Increase mobility within the Downtown, promote environmental quality, and provide for convenient transit, pedestrian, and bicycle routes to and from the Downtown by:
 - Encouraging commuter traffic that does not have a destination in Downtown to use bypass routes, which will reduce traffic on Downtown streets and allow better access to businesses;
 - Encouraging use of transit, car pools, bicycles, walking, and other forms of transportation that limit congestion and parking demand;
 - Maintaining an attractive and efficient Downtown transit center that is the focus for local and regional bus-based transit service between the Downtown, Redmond neighborhoods, the Eastside, and the region;
 - Supporting an extension of the regional light rail system into Downtown to provide frequent all-day transit service;
 - Providing bicycle facilities, such as connections to the Sammamish River Trail, Redmond Central Connector and other regional corridors, bicycle racks in new developments, bike lanes on key streets, and signage at key points;
 - Completing and preserving Downtown sidewalk systems, mid-block pedestrian walkways, and bicycle lanes to provide strong linkages among destinations throughout the Downtown;
 - Implementing shared-street connections to provide access, circulation and active spaces for adjacent properties in Downtown focusing on nonmotorized transportation; and
 - Encouraging City of Redmond employees who work in the Downtown to lead by example in walking, bicycling, carpooling, or using transit alternatives.

Downtown's designation as an Urban Center qualifies it as a candidate for a Growth and Transportation Efficiency Center (GTEC). The GTEC concept is part of Washington's Commute Trip Reduction program and has enabled areas to receive

additional funding and assistance in creating programs to encourage use of alternatives to single-occupant vehicle use and reduce single-occupancy vehicle trips and vehicle miles traveled. Such programs benefit the community by supporting improved transportation efficiency, economic development, energy conservation, air quality, and livability.

DT 21.1 Establish the Downtown Urban Center as a Growth and Transportation

Efficiency Center to promote the use of alternative transportation

modes in Downtown and the surrounding neighborhoods in Redmond.

DT-22 Establish standards for Downtown streetscape treatments to reinforce the identity of Downtown zones and promote the Downtown's aesthetic appeal. Consider use of treatments, such as special paving materials for sidewalks, street furniture, landscaping, and lighting. Ensure that these treatments are implemented as part of public and private development.

